of the disease?
Factors making it difficult to control the spread help you draw a logical conclusion about the
In the Ebola case study, what evidence could
and sometimes there is no "right" answer.
many different conclusions from the same evidence.
process again. Remember that it's possible to draw
evidence. Then you may have to go through the inquiry
a conclusion because you need different sources of
a new inquiry question. Or you may not reach
support your conclusions. You might even
Your conclusions might be quite different from the
Your new understanding and what you already
supports or doesn't support your inquiry question.
Evaluated your evidence by thinking about how it

INTERPRET AND ANALYZE

Would you use?
 Ebola case study? What format
about the world around them.
findings effectively. People learn
geographers communicate their
it to your intended audience. When
conclusions are clear and engaging
your inquiry question, evidence, and
When you communicate, make sure
special journals, blog posts,
a variety of perspectives. Try
in many different ways, including
You can communicate your findings

COMMUNICATE

Evaluate and Draw Conclusions

Evaluate evidence from the variety of views you included in the
Is there evidence that a variety
make inferences or best guesses based
When you interpret and analyze, you
might fit together. Try to find patterns,
look for ways that different pieces
in geographic research, it is crucial to
Think about the evidence you collect.

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